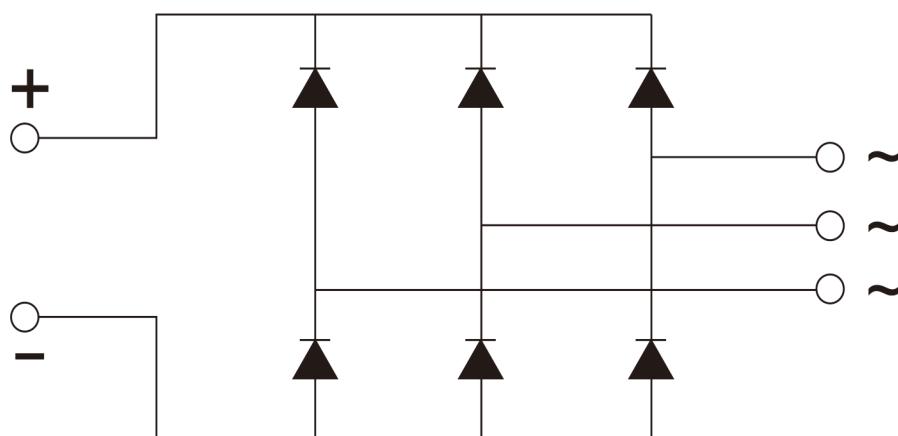


SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_j$ (°C)	VALUE			UNIT
				Min	Type	Max	
$I_o$	DC output current	Three-phase full wave rectifying circuit, $T_c=100$ °C	150			50	A
$V_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$ tp=10ms $V_{RsM} = V_{DRM} + V_{RRM} + 200V$	150	800		2200	V
$I_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak current	at $V_{RRM}$	150			6	mA
$I_{FSM}$	Surge forward current	10ms half sine wave $V_R=0.6V_{RRM}$	150			0.43	KA
$I^2t$	$I^2T$ for fusing coordination					1.10	$A^2s \times 10^3$
$V_{FO}$	Threshold voltage		150			0.70	V
$r_F$	Forward slop resistance					6.0	$m\Omega$
$V_{FM}$	Peak forward voltage	$I_{FM}=50A$	25			1.10	V
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Thermal resistance Junction to heatsink	Single side cooled				0.75	°C /W
$V_{iso}$	Isolation voltage	50Hz, RM. S, t=1min, $I_{iso}$ : 1mA (max)		2500			V
$F_m$	Terminal connection torque						N.m
	Mounting torque( M5)				3.0		N.m
$T_{stg}$	Stored temperature			-40		125	°C
$W_t$	Weight				107		g
Outline							

## OUTLINE DRAWING &amp; CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



## Rating and Characteristic

Peak forward Voltage Vs. Peak forward Current

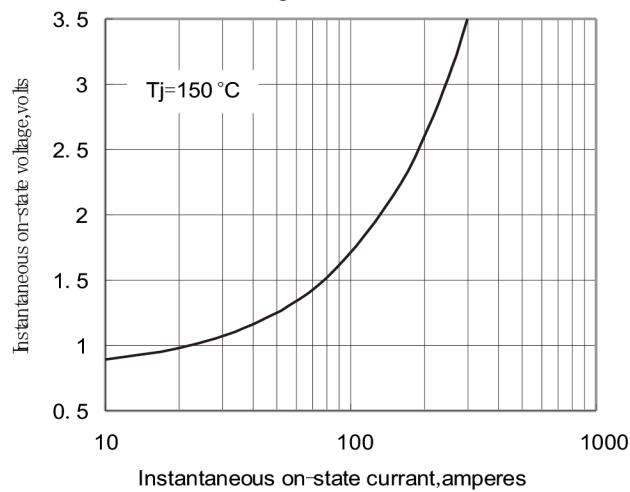


Fig. 1

Max. junction To case Thermal Impedance Vs. Time

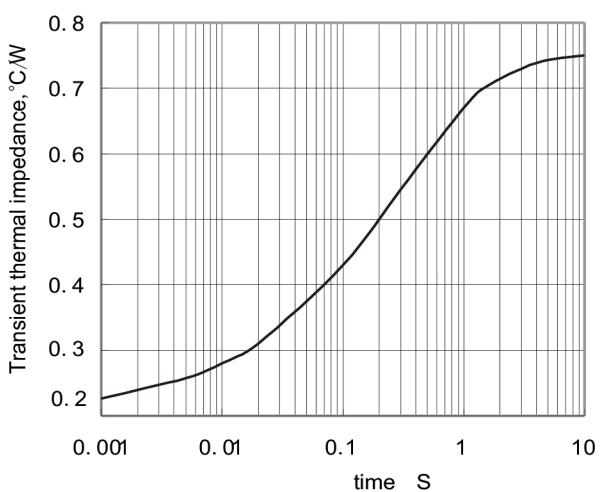


Fig. 2

Max. Power Dissipation Vs Mean forward Current

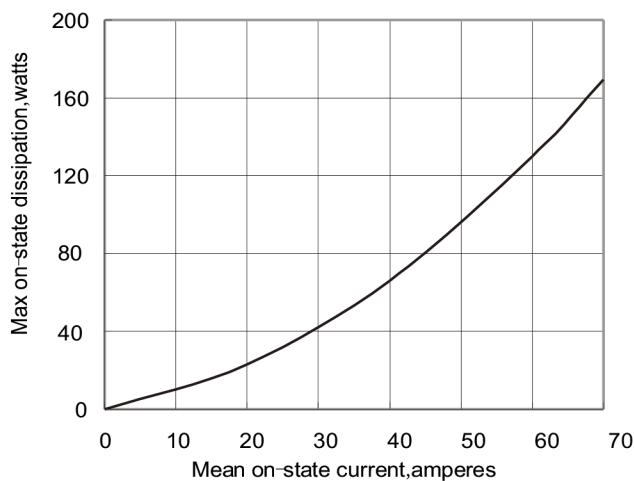


Fig. 3

Max. case Temperature Vs. Mean forward Current

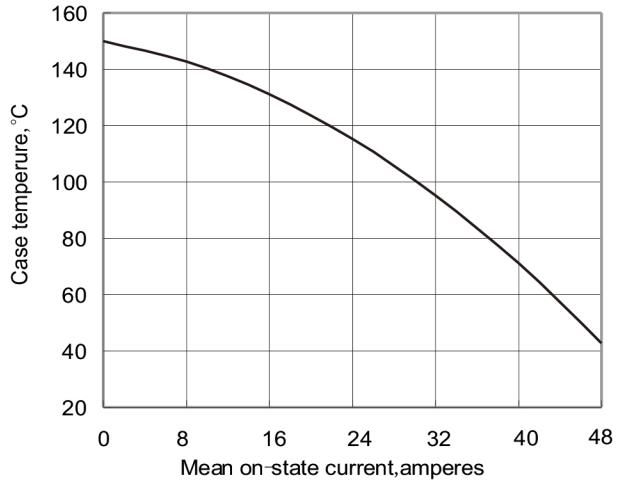


Fig. 4

Surge Current Vs. Cycles

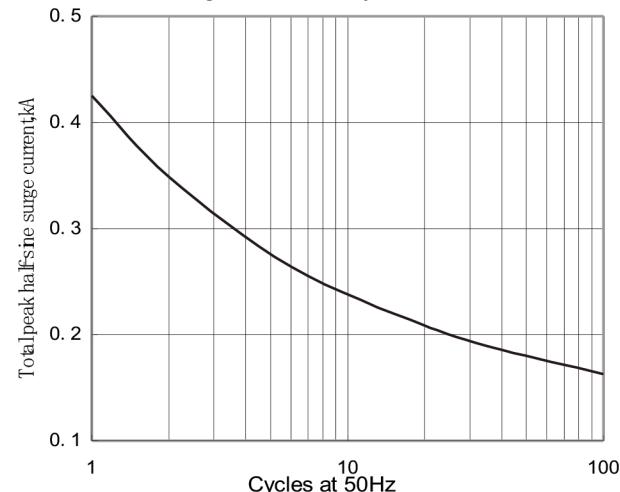


Fig. 5

$I^2t$  Vs. Time

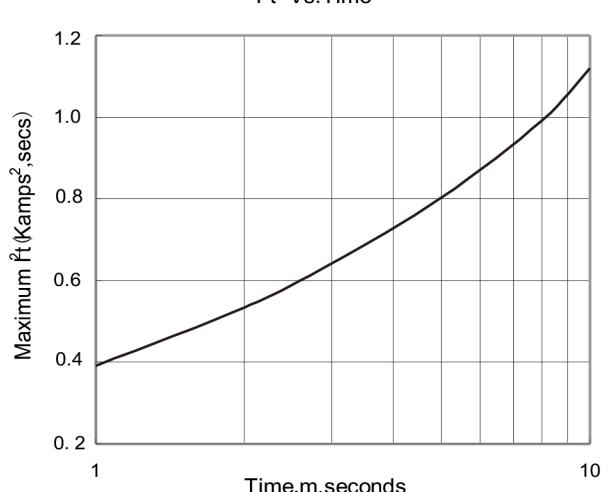


Fig. 6

# Outside Dimension

